

03.05.2018

Your Reference:
Our Reference:

Lincoln Driver
2 Downing Street
GAYNDAH QLD 4625

Dear Sir/Madam

CONCURRENCE AGENCY RESPONSE
32 MESON STREET, GAYNDAH Q 4625
 (Given under section 56(4) of the *Planning Act 2016*)

Thank you for your concurrence agency referral for the following premises which was properly referred on 27 April 2018. The North Burnett Regional Council has assessed the referral against the relevant matters of its jurisdiction and has made a decision as follows:

Applicant details

Applicant name: Lincoln Driver
 Applicant contact details: 2 Downing Street
 Gayndah Q 4625
 Email: lincoln.driver@hotmail.com
 Phone:
 Mobile: 0428 408 401

Site details

Street address: 32 Meson Street, Gayndah Q 4625
 Real property description: Lot 1 on RP2345

Application details

Application No: 84/18
 Proposed development: Development Permit for Building Works

Aspects of development and type of approval being sought

Nature of Development	Approval Type	Brief Description of Proposal
Building Work	Development Permit	To construct a Class 10a building

Should you require any further assistance in process, please contact Council's Development Services Department on 1300 696 272.

Yours faithfully


MJP Pitt
Chief Executive Officer

Enc: Attachment 1-conditions to be imposed
Attachment 2-reasons for decision to impose conditions
Attachment 3-appeal rights
Attachment 4-plans

Attachment 1 – Conditions to be imposed by Concurrence Agency

No.	Conditions
General	
1.	Unless otherwise stated in a particular condition, all conditions must be completed prior to the completion of building works, or issue of a final certificate, whichever is the sooner, unless otherwise agreed to in writing by the Concurrence Agency.
Design and Siting	
2.	The approved shed must be sited a minimum 1 metre from the western property boundary, with all setbacks measured from the outermost projection of the structure.
3.	The floor area of the approved shed must not exceed 112.5 m ² as per the submitted plans.
8.	Utilise colours in the development that are sympathetic to the surrounding environment and avoid excessive brightness, contrast, colour intensity, and reflectivity. In this regard, materials/colours on the roof and wall of the structures must not reflect glare into the habitable rooms of any dwelling on surrounding allotments.
Use	
9.	The approved shed is to be used for private/domestic purposes only. The approved structure must not be used as a separate domicile/dwelling or used for any industrial/business use unless valid development approvals are granted for such uses. To this end, the use of any of the approved building/s associated with this approval must be ancillary and incidental to the predominant use of the site for a Dwelling Unit
10.	The approved shed must not be used for habitable purposes.

Attachment 1B – Advice Notes

A.	This Concurrence Agency Response does not represent a development approval for Building Works under the <i>Building Act 1975</i> .
B.	All building works the subject of this notice can only proceed once a development permit for building works is issued by a Building Certifier.
C.	Please note this amenity and aesthetics assessment pertains to the approval of a class 10 building only (defined as Domestic Carport, Shed and Garage (10a)). It is recommended that clarification from a Building Certifier be sought to ensure that an appropriate building classification is applied to align with the building size, purpose, use and intent of operations within the building.
D.	Prior to any alteration or modification of a building, it is recommended that an inspection be undertaken of the resite/removal dwelling or building by a qualified person/s to determine the existence of Asbestos Cement Material (ACM), Asbestos Cement Products (ACP) or any other material not deemed as an acceptable construction material as defined in the Australian Standards or the Building Code of Australia.

Attachment 2 – Reasons for decision to impose conditions

The reason for this decision are:

- To ensure the development is carried out generally in accordance with the plans of development submitted with the application.
- To ensure the development is complies with the alterative provision stated in the Queensland Development Code.

Attachment 3 – Planning Act 2016 Extract Appeal Rights

CHAPTER 6, PART 1 APPEAL RIGHTS

229 Appeals to tribunal or P&E Court

- (1) Schedule 1 states—
- (a) matters that may be appealed to—
 - (i) either a tribunal or the P&E Court; or
 - (ii) only a tribunal; or
 - (iii) only the P&E Court; and
 - (b) the person—
 - (i) who may appeal a matter (the appellant); and
 - (ii) who is a respondent in an appeal of the matter; and
 - (iii) who is a co-respondent in an appeal of the matter; and
 - (iv) who may elect to be a co-respondent in an appeal of the matter.
- (2) An appellant may start an appeal within the appeal period.
- (3) The **appeal period** is—
- (a) for an appeal by a building advisory agency—10 business days after a decision notice for the decision is given to the agency; or
 - (b) for an appeal against a deemed refusal—at any time after the deemed refusal happens; or
 - (c) for an appeal against a decision of the Minister, under chapter 7, part 4, to register premises or to renew the registration of premises—20 business days after a notice is published under section 269(3)(a) or (4); or
 - (d) for an appeal against an infrastructure charges notice—20 business days after the infrastructure charges notice is given to the person; or
 - (e) for an appeal about a deemed approval of a development application for which a decision notice has not been given—30 business days after the applicant gives the deemed approval notice to the assessment manager; or
 - (f) for any other appeal—20 business days after a notice of the decision for the matter, including an enforcement notice, is given to the person.
- Note — See the P&E Court Act for the court's power to extend the appeal period.*
- (4) Each respondent and co-respondent for an appeal may be heard in the appeal.
- (5) If an appeal is only about a referral agency's response, the assessment manager may apply to the tribunal or P&E Court to withdraw from the appeal.
- (6) To remove any doubt, it is declared that an appeal against an infrastructure charges notice must not be about—
- (a) the adopted charge itself; or
 - (b) for a decision about an offset or refund—
 - (i) the establishment cost of trunk infrastructure identified in a LGIP; or
 - (ii) the cost of infrastructure decided using the method included in the local government's charges resolution.

230 Notice of appeal

- (1) An appellant starts an appeal by lodging, with the registrar of the tribunal or P&E Court, a notice of appeal that—
- (a) is in the approved form; and
 - (b) succinctly states the grounds of the appeal.
- (2) The notice of appeal must be accompanied by the required fee.
- (3) The appellant or, for an appeal to a tribunal, the registrar must, within the service period, give a copy of the notice of appeal to—
- (a) the respondent for the appeal; and
 - (b) each co-respondent for the appeal; and
 - (c) for an appeal about a development application under schedule 1, table 1, item 1—each principal submitter for the development application; and
 - (d) for an appeal about a change application under schedule 1, table 1, item 2—each principal submitter for the change application; and
 - (e) each person who may elect to become a co-respondent for the appeal, other than an eligible submitter who is not a principal submitter in an appeal under paragraph (c) or (d); and
 - (f) for an appeal to the P&E Court—the chief executive; and
 - (g) for an appeal to a tribunal under another Act—any other person who the registrar considers appropriate.
- (4) The **service period** is—
- (a) if a submitter or advice agency started the appeal in the P&E Court—2 business days after the appeal is started; or
 - (b) otherwise—10 business days after the appeal is started.
- (5) A notice of appeal given to a person who may elect to be a co-respondent must state the effect of subsection (6).
- (6) A person elects to be a co-respondent by filing a notice of election, in the approved form, within 10 business days after the notice of appeal is given to the person.

SCHEDULE 1 APPEALS

1 Appeal rights and parties to appeals

- (1) Table 1 states the matters that may be appealed to—
 - (a) the P&E court; or
 - (b) a tribunal.
- (2) However, table 1 applies to a tribunal only if the matter involves—
 - (a) the refusal, or deemed refusal of a development application, for—
 - (i) a material change of use for a classified building; or
 - (ii) operational work associated with building work, a retaining wall, or a tennis court; or
 - (b) a provision of a development approval for—
 - (i) a material change of use for a classified building; or
 - (ii) operational work associated with building work, a retaining wall, or a tennis court; or
 - (c) if a development permit was applied for—the decision to give a preliminary approval for—
 - (i) a material change of use for a classified building; or
 - (ii) operational work associated with building work, a retaining wall, or a tennis court; or
 - (d) a development condition if—
 - (i) the development approval is only for a material change of use that involves the use of a building classified under the Building Code as a class 2 building; and
 - (ii) the building is, or is proposed to be, not more than 3 storeys; and
 - (iii) the proposed development is for not more than 60 sole-occupancy units; or
 - (e) a decision for, or a deemed refusal of, an extension application for a development approval that is only for a material change of use of a classified building; or
 - (f) a decision for, or a deemed refusal of, a change application for a development approval that is only for a material change of use of a classified building; or
 - (g) a matter under this Act, to the extent the matter relates to—
 - (i) the Building Act, other than a matter under that Act that may or must be decided by the Queensland Building and Construction Commission; or
 - (ii) the Plumbing and Drainage Act, part 4 or 5; or
 - (h) a decision to give an enforcement notice in relation to a matter under paragraphs (a) to (g); or
 - (i) a decision to give an infrastructure charges notice; or
 - (j) the refusal, or deemed refusal, of a conversion application; or
 - (k) a matter that, under another Act, may be appealed to the tribunal; or
 - (l) a matter prescribed by regulation.
- (3) Also, table 1 does not apply to a tribunal if the matter involves—
 - (a) for a matter in subsection (2)(a) to (d)—
 - (i) a development approval for which the development application required impact assessment; and
 - (ii) a development approval in relation to which the assessment manager received a properly made submission for the development application; or
 - (b) a provision of a development approval about the identification or inclusion, under a variation approval, of a matter for the development.
- (4) Table 2 states the matters that may be appealed only to the P&E Court.
- (5) Table 3 states the matters that may be appealed only to the tribunal.
- (6) In each table—
 - (a) column 1 states the appellant in the appeal; and
 - (b) column 2 states the respondent in the appeal; and
 - (c) column 3 states the co-respondent (if any) in the appeal; and
 - (d) column 4 states the co-respondents by election (if any) in the appeal.
- (7) If the chief executive receives a notice of appeal under section 230(3)(f), the chief executive may elect to be a co-respondent in the appeal.
- (8) In this section—

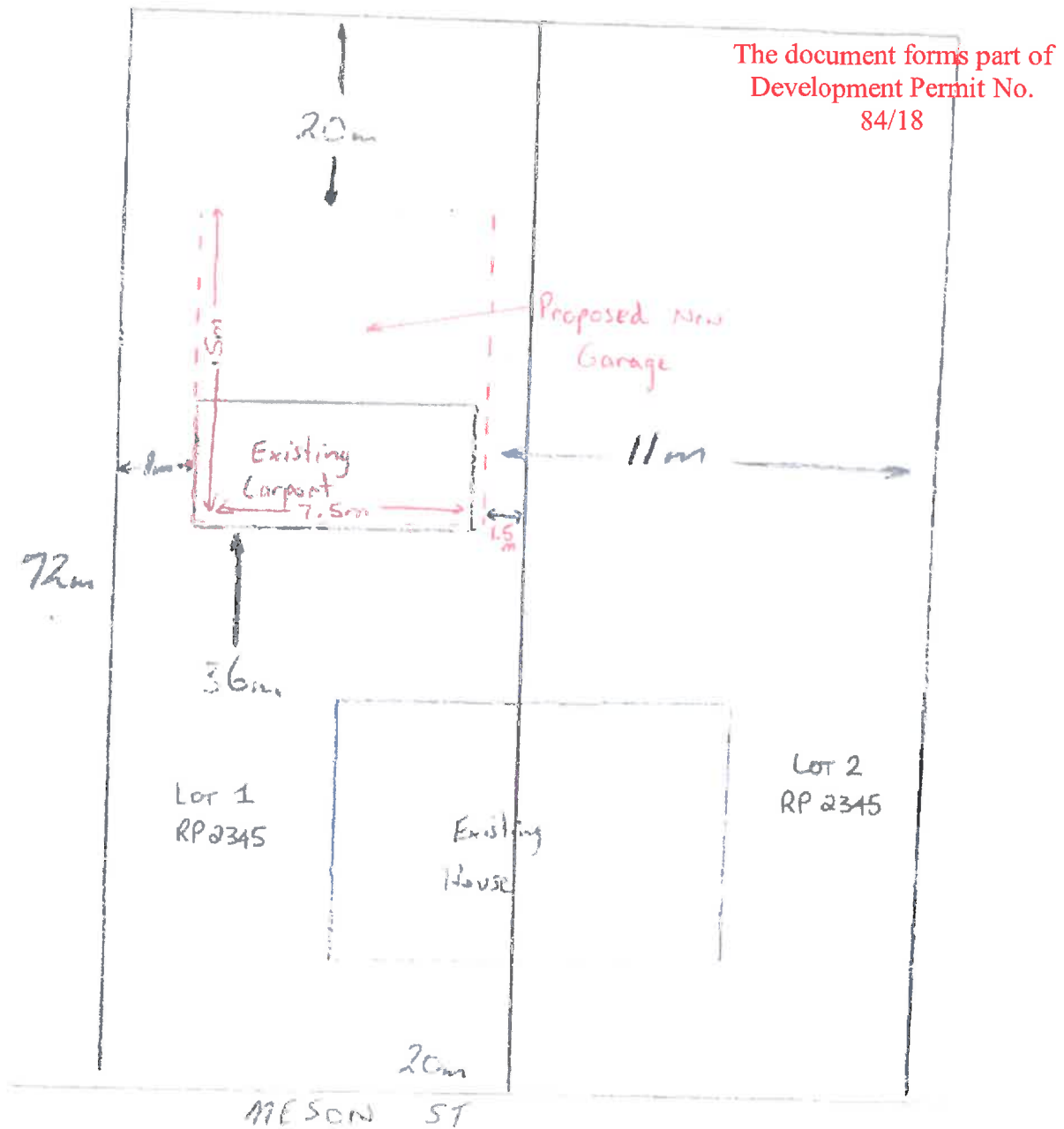
storey see the Building Code, part A1.1.

Extract of Schedule 1 of the Planning Act 2016

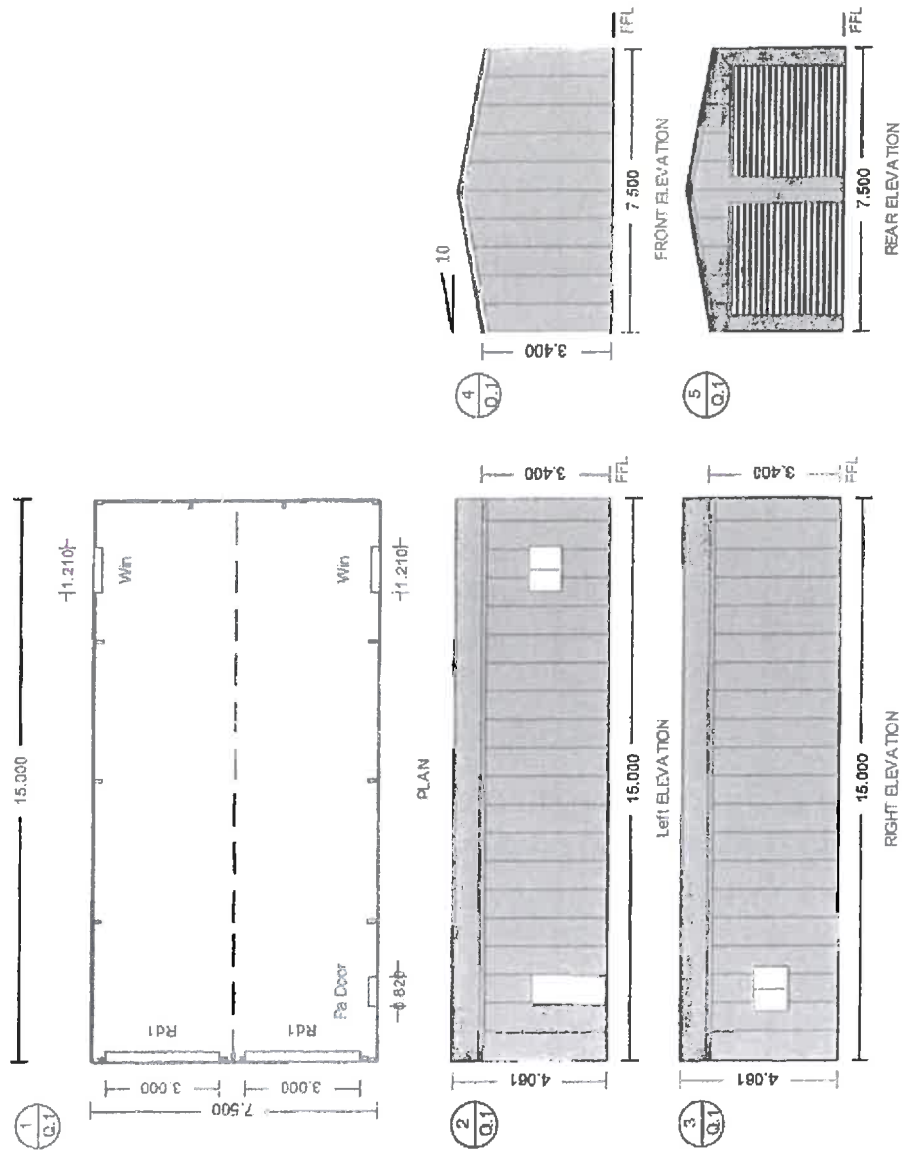
Table 1			
Appeals to the P&E Court and, for certain matters, to a tribunal			
<p>1. Development applications An appeal may be made against—</p> <p>(a) the refusal of all or part of the development application; or</p> <p>(b) the deemed refusal of the development application; or</p> <p>(c) a provision of the development approval; or</p> <p>(d) if a development permit was applied for—the decision to give a preliminary approval.</p>			
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
The applicant	The assessment manager	If the appeal is about a concurrence agency's referral response—the concurrence agency	<p>1 A concurrence agency that is not a co-respondent</p> <p>2 If a chosen assessment manager is the respondent—the prescribed assessment manager</p> <p>3 Any eligible advice agency for the application</p> <p>4 Any eligible submitter for the application</p>

Table 3			
Appeals to a tribunal only			
<p>1. Building advisory agency appeals An appeal may be made against giving a development approval for building work to the extent the building work required code assessment against the building assessment provisions.</p>			
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
A building advisory agency for the development application related to the approval	The assessment manager	The applicant	<p>1 A concurrence agency for the development application related to the approval.</p> <p>2 A private certifier for the development application related to the approval</p>
<p>2. Inspection of building work An appeal may be made against a decision of a building certifier or referral agency about the inspection of building work that is the subject of a building development approval under the Building Act.</p>			
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
The applicant for the development approval	The person who made the decision.	—	—
<p>3. Certain decisions under the Building Act and the Plumbing and Drainage Act An appeal may be made against—</p> <p>(a) a decision under the Building Act, other than a decision made by the Queensland Building and Construction Commission, if an information notice about the decision was given or required to be given under that Act; or</p> <p>(b) a decision under the Plumbing and Drainage Act, part 4 or 5, if an information notice about the decision was given or required to be given under that Act.</p>			
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
A person who received, or was entitled to receive, an information notice about the decision.	The person who made the decision	—	—
<p>4. Local government failure to decide application under the Building Act An appeal may be made against a local government's failure to decide an application under the Building Act within the period required under that Act.</p>			
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
A person who was entitled to receive notice of the decision	The local government to which the application was made	—	—

Attachment 4 – Approved Plans



The document forms part of
Development Permit No.
84/18



Company
Mc Hugh Staal Pty Ltd

CLIENT
Proposed Garage 7.500x15.000x3.400 West-South (Reg-B)
At 52 WESON STREET GRANDHAY
For LINCOLN DRIVER

DRAWING
DWG001 Ref: 260000103159 Scale: 1:150

ARCHITECTURAL DRAWINGS